

Java Freshers

Candidate-ID	0012400066
Candidate Name	Bharathi Kurupudi
Email	bharathikurupudi55@gmail.com
Mobile	7997669118
Source	Naukari

Screening Test

Completed on : 13-Dec-2024 08:13 PM

#	Question	Response	Marks
1	Have you fully completed your education and prepared to work	Yes	1
2	Have you taken any long term training course on Java Technologies	Yes	1
3	Have you recently completed your education and training, and there is no major Gap (more than one year after the education)	Yes	1
4	Are you, willing to work on-premises (there is no work from home)	Yes	1
5	Can you write simple Java Programs on your own	Yes	1
6	Are you, available immediately to join us, if we hire you	Yes	1
7	Did you complete any kind of Developer Certification in Java	Yes	1
8	Do you know how to write unit testcases using Junit	No	0
9	if we hire you, will you be prepared to stay and work with us at least for two years	Yes	1
10	Will you be flexible any role in Software Engineering	Yes	1
11	Explain about yourself why you are the right candidate for this Job	video response	1

Overall Score : 10/11 (Promoted)

Coding Test

Completed on : 27-Dec-2024 08:04 PM

1. Write a program or method to find the smallest and largest numbers in an array of integers. Implement two methods: `findSmallest(int[] numbers)`: Returns the smallest number in the array. `findLargest(int[] numbers)`: Returns the largest number in the array. Sample Input : If the input array is null or empty, the method should throw an `IllegalArgumentException` with the message "Array cannot be null or empty". Use Java's Stream API to solve the problem. Expected Output : Smallest number: 1 Largest number: 20

Marks Scored : 0

```
public class NumberUtils {

    public static int findSmallest(int[] numbers) {
        if (numbers == null || numbers.length == 0) {
            throw new IllegalArgumentException("Array cannot be null or empty");
        }
        // Implement the logic here
        int smallest=numbers[0];
        for(int i=0;i<largest)
        {
            largest=numbers[i];
        }
    }
    return largest; // Placeholder return value
}

public static void main(String[] args)
{
    int numbers[]={1,2,3,4,5,10,20};
    //NumberUtils n= new NumberUtils();
    System.out.println("Smallest number: "+ findSmallest(numbers));
    System.out.println("Largest number: " + findLargest(numbers));
}
}
```

2. Question: Unique Words Extractor Write a program to extract all unique words from a given text. A word is defined as a sequence of alphanumeric characters separated by non-word characters (e.g., spaces, punctuation). The program should meet the following criteria: Extract words that are at least 8 characters long. Convert all words to lowercase for uniqueness. Preserve the order of their first appearance in the text. Implement the functionality in the `extractUniqueWords` method. The method should return a `Set` containing the filtered words. Sample Input : "The development of artificial intelligence is advancing rapidly. Innovative technologies are shaping the future of the world." Expected Output : Unique words with at least 8 characters: development artificial intelligence advancing innovative technologies

Marks Scored : 0

```
import java.util.*;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;

public class WordProcessor {

    public static Set extractUniqueWords(String content) {
        /*Pattern pattern=Pattern.compile("\\b\\w{8,}\\b");
        Matcher matcher=pattern.matcher(content.toLowerCase());*/
        LinkedHashSet uniqueWords=new LinkedHashSet<>();
        String s[]=content.split(" ");
        for(String s1:s)
        {
            String uw=s1.toLowerCase();
            String uw1=uw.replace(".", "");
            if(uw1.length()>=8)
            {
                //String uw=s1.toLowerCase();
                //String uw1=uw.replace(".", "");
                uniqueWords.add(uw1);
            }
        }
        /*if()
        {
            //String word=matcher.group();
            uniqueWords.add(word);
        }*/
        return uniqueWords;
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Example content for testing
        String content = "The development of artificial intelligence is advancing rapidly. " +
            "Innovative technologies are shaping the future of the world.";

        // Extract unique words with at least 8 characters
        Set uniqueWords = extractUniqueWords(content);

        // Print the unique words
        System.out.println("Unique words with at least 8 characters:");
        uniqueWords.forEach(System.out::println);
    }
}
```

3. Question: Write Java Program to use and apply the concept of Design Pattern Singleton with simplest program. Expected Output: Instance 1: Singleton@15db9742 Instance 2: Singleton@15db9742 Both instances are the same (Singleton verified). Message from Singleton: Hello from Singleton!

Marks Scored : 6

```
public class Singleton {

    // Private static instance of the class
    private static Singleton instance;

    // Private constructor to prevent instantiation
    private Singleton() {}

    // Public method to provide access to the instance
    public static Singleton getInstance() {
        if(instance==null)
        {
            synchronized (Singleton.class)
            {
                if(instance==null)
                {
                    instance=new Singleton();
                }
            }
        }
        // Implement your code here
        return instance;
    }

    // Example method to demonstrate functionality
    public String getMessage() {
        // Implement your code here
        return "Hello from Singleton!";
    }

    // Main method to test the Singleton functionality
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Implement your code here
        Singleton instance1=Singleton.getInstance();
        Singleton instance2=Singleton.getInstance();
        System.out.println("Instance 1: " + instance1);
        System.out.println("Instance 2: " + instance2);
        if(instance1==instance2)
        {
            System.out.println("Both instances are the same (Singleton verified).");
        }
        System.out.println("Message from Singleton: " +instance1.getMessage());

        // Implement your code here
        //System.out.println("Are both instances the same? ");
    }
}
```

Overall Score : 6/12 (Promoted)